

APA Professional Workshop No.3

Emerging Market – Commercial and Industrial Development

How to achieve cost saving with geotechnical and environmental investigation

How does the latest environmental legislation update impact developments

Opportunities and risks associated with contamination

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New Environmental Legislation in Victoria – How will it apply to you? What are your duties and actions?

APA Seminar 16 April 2019

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Senior Principal
Risk Assessment
(Health & Environment)





Greencap is proudly part of the Wesfarmers Industrial and Safety group



New Environment Protection Amendment Act 2018

- Getting ready for 1 July 2020

Prevention based:

New focus on **systems to reduce risk** to human health & environment

Not waiting to <u>react</u> to damage or to <u>manage</u> pollution.



Framework of 7 Duties

- 1. General environmental duty (preventative duty)
- 2. Duty to notify of event
- 3. Duty to respond to harm and restore
- 4. Duty to notify of contamination
- 5. Duty to manage contamination
- 6. Duty to manage industrial waste disposal
- 7. Duties for priority waste



Duties scheme – How does this work?

For Duty Holders (e.g. businesses, land owners, developers)

- Start by understanding your activities
- Work out which duties may apply
- Search out guidance, understand industry practice
- Follow prescriptions where set (e.g. regulations)
- Adopt changing norms and 'best practice'



General Environmental Duty – similar to OHS Duty

A person who is engaging in an activity that may give rise to risks of harm to human health or the environment from <u>pollution</u> or <u>waste</u> must <u>minimise</u> those risks, *so far as reasonably practicable.*"

- Minimise means to eliminate the risks (so far as reasonably practicable) and if not, reduce the risks.
- Risk-based approach
- Modelled on the OHS Act



General Environmental Duty

What is 'reasonably practicable'?

It depends on:

- a) the <u>likelihood of the hazard or risk</u> occurring;
- b) the degree of harm that would result if the hazard or risk eventuated;
- c) what the person concerned knows, or <u>ought reasonably to know</u>, about the hazard or risk and ways of eliminating or reducing it;
- d) the availability and suitability of <u>ways to eliminate or reduce</u> the hazard or risk;
- e) the cost of eliminating or reducing the hazard or risk.

OTHER DUTIES - NOTIFY & RESPOND TO POLLUTION

Duty to notify EPA of pollution incidents AND to respond to any harm from incident

For leak, spill or other unintended or unauthorised deposit or escape

Where material harm is caused or threatened

Sanctions for non-compliance







OTHER DUTIES - NOTIFY & MANAGE CONTAMINATED LAND

Duty to notify EPA of certain Contaminated Sites AND to manage risks from contaminated land Tell EPA if you have contamination present above the specified threshold

- Minimise risks of harm to human health and environment from contamination
- Does not matter who is at fault or when contamination took place







OTHER DUTIES - MANAGE WASTE

Duty to ensure industrial waste only goes to a place authorised to receive it

Waste generator, transporter and receiver

Extra offences - Repeat waste offenders

False & misleading information

Priority Wastes - Hazardous, mismanaged

Requirements: storage, handling, isolation, containment

Beware of "illegal" waste dumps – on vacant sites

Incompatible types, fire/explosion/contamination risks

www.theage.com.au/national/victoria/the-tipping-point-illegal-dumping-swamps-the-waste-industry-20170806

www.heraldsun.com.au/news/victoria/waste-crackdown-authorities-seize-more-illegal-chemical-dumps/ 20190415



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General Environmental Duty – what does it mean to you?

Everyone will have different "duties" based on different hazards & risks

- Type of site operational or closed site? Active ongoing hazard or legacy risk?
- Type of risk and magnitude of risk?
- Acute or immediate hazard is it having an immediate or noticeable impact? OR
- A more chronic or less obvious hazard?
- What information do you have about your site? And its potential hazards?
 - What information SHOULD you have?

GED EXAMPLE - MANAGING WASTE

We all have a duty to manage waste!

Different types of Waste



Construction & Demolition waste



Asbestos





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GED – MANAGING WASTE

Manufacturing site – chemical drums

(clean or dirty?)

Leaking?? Bunded?



Waste soil - clean or dirty?





Wastes to air

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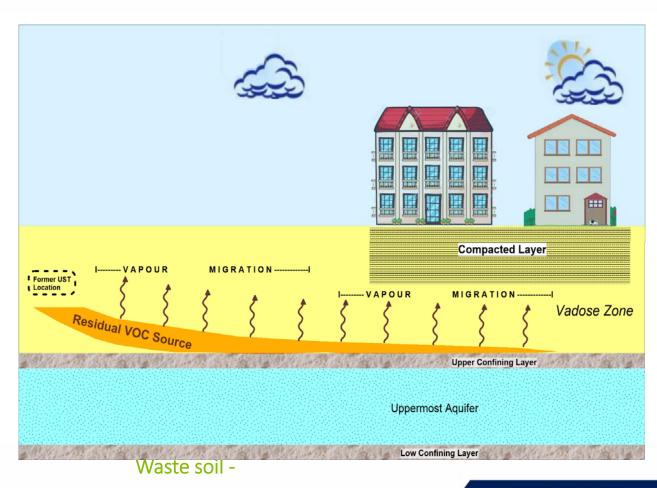
GED – MANAGING WASTE

"Invisible" waste/contamination

Possibly legacy issue – e.g.

Solvents in soil or groundwater

- Maybe from historical activities
- onsite or offsite?





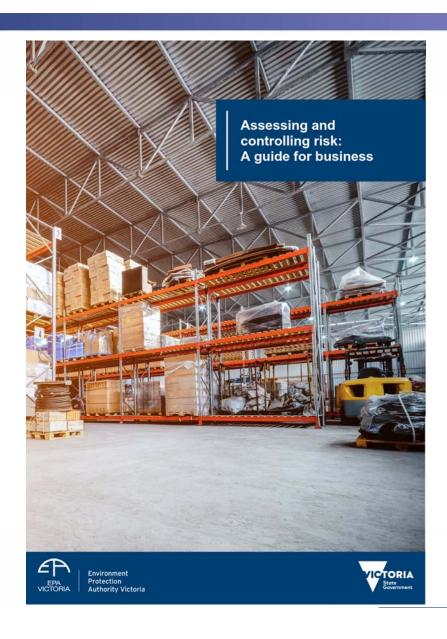


OVERALL:

- A business needs to: identify, assess and control risks
- Ensure all substances are handled, stored, used or transported in a manner that minimises the risks to human health and the environment
- Provide information, instruction, supervision and training etc. to any person engaging engaging in an activity to make sure they can comply with GED.

Resources

www.epa.vic.gov.au/our-work/
publications/publication/2019/march/1695-1



Resources

Assessing and controlling risk for business

Attachment: example hazard and risk register

Note: This hazard register is appropriate for low risk businesses. High-risk or large businesses may need to adopt a more complex register.

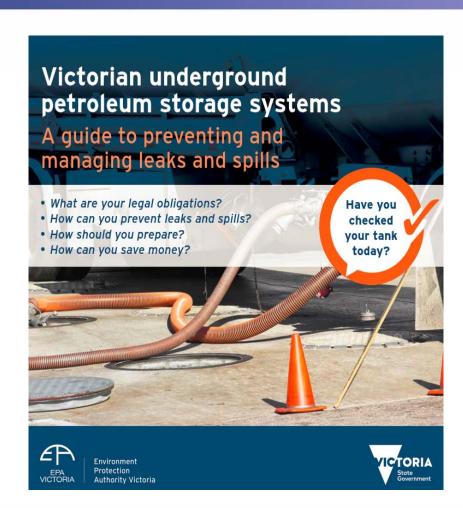
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Revision:	Date:	Attendees:

No.	Hazard	Potential harm	Risk assessment			Existing	What further	Actions		
			Consequence	Likelihood	Risk rating	controls	controls are required?	Action by	Due date	Date complete

Resources

www.epa.vic.gov.au/our-work/
publications/publication/2018/february/1670

Covers leak detection, monitoring, DG management, waste management, training



Want to know more?

Greencap offers environmental training and capacity building programs customised to your workforce in areas such as:

- General environmental awareness
- Environmental regulation
- Contaminated soils
- Hazardous substances management
- Monitoring and sampling
- Biodiversity offset scheme training
- Asbestos awareness
- Crystalline silica awareness
- Dangerous goods awareness



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Greencap Services Overview - Expert Services





Thank You. QUESTIONS? GREENCAP

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Opportunities and Risks Associated with Contamination

April 2019

Definition?

Environmental contamination is the introduction into water, air and/or soil of microorganisms, chemicals, toxic substances, wastes or waste water in a concentration that makes the medium (water, air and/or soil) unfit for its next intended use (consumption, crop production, habitation). This definition also applies to surfaces of objects, buildings and various household and agricultural use products.





Put Contamination in Context of Who/ What and Where?

- Developer
- Site Operator/ User
- Land Owner
- Historical Site Use
- Proposed Site Use
- Known Contamination
- Experience
- Knowledge of the Process
- Location of site and others

Every person sees the same risk differently





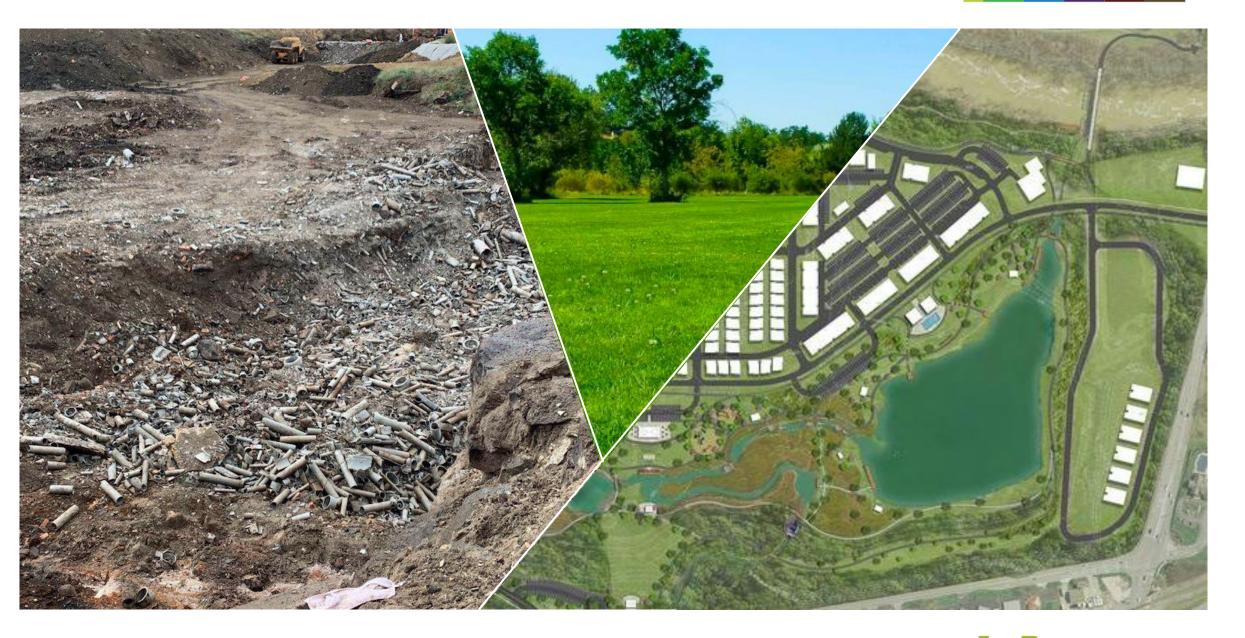






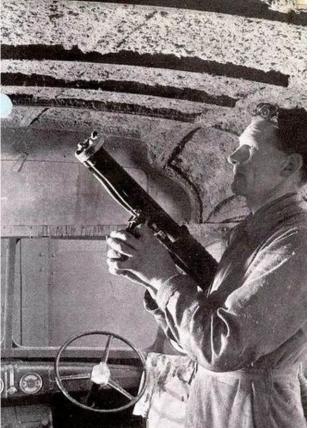






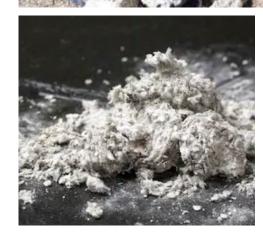














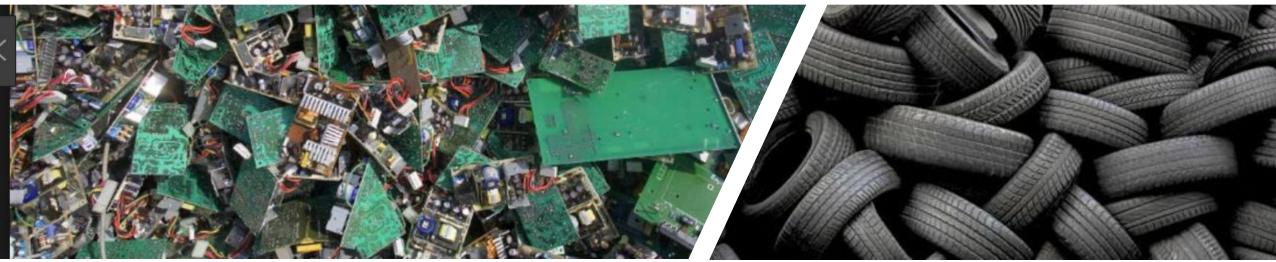














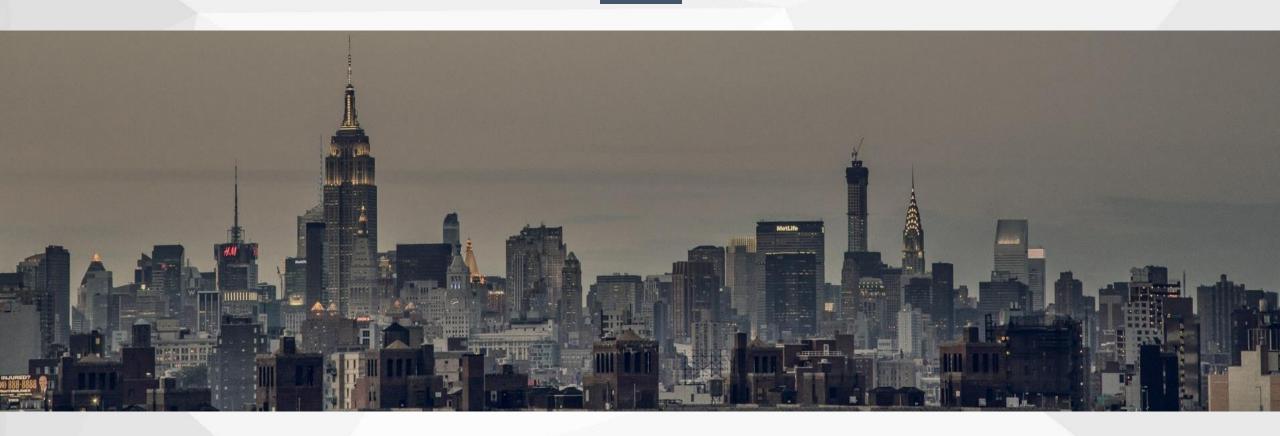


Thank You



Appreciations

Australasia Property Advisory Association



Contact Us:

Email Contacts
Apa.association.panel@gmail.com

Website http://apaassociation.com.au/

Social Media

https://www.linkedin.com/company/australasia-property-advisory-association/

